

**Concurs de admitere la**  
**Programul de studii postliceale cu durata de 1 an**  
(pentru formarea subofițerilor, filiera directă)  
**Sesiunea: AUGUST 2015**  
**TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ**  
**VARIANTA I**

**Instrucțiuni:**

*Timpul de lucru este de 90 minute.*

*Toate subiectele sunt obligatorii.*

*Răspunsurile se scriu pe foaia de concurs.*

*Nota minimă de promovare a probei este 5,00 (20 itemi).*

**A. Partea I: CITIT**

Read the texts below and choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

A zombie is a pure invention. The zombie is supposed to be a corpse brought back to life by means of voodoo. Belief in zombies is rife in Haiti, but in few other places. The zombies is created by the use of poisons or enchantment, and used as a slave by the sorcerer. In this condition, the zombie has little power of speech and walks with a shuffling motion. If the zombie eats any salt it is supposed to reawaken and may take vengeance against its master.

The zombie legend likely derives from the fact that retarded people in Haiti behave like zombies are supposed to, and superstitious people have accepted this belief.

1. The text is about:
  - a. a superstition;
  - b. a sorcerer;
  - c. a corpse;
  - d. a slave.
2. How is a zombie created?
  - a. by the use of salt;
  - b. by the use of speech;
  - c. by the use of poisons or enchantment;
  - d. by means of voodoo.
3. What is a zombie supposed to be?
  - a. a native from Haiti;
  - b. a master;
  - c. a superstitious person;
  - d. a corpse brought back to life.

Some say the eruption of Krakatoa in the East Indies in 1883 was the world's biggest volcanic explosion. The explosion was a big one. At one point during the two-day eruption, one cubic mile of earth and rock was shot 17 miles into the air and the explosion was heard 3000 miles away in Australia.

However, there was a bigger eruption, that of Thera in the Mediterranean Sea about 3500 years ago. Thera was four times the size of Krakatoa. The blast darkened the entire Mediterranean, causing severe floods, earthquakes and rains of glowing volcanic ash. That blast contributed to the downfall of the Minoan civilization.

4. What is the text about?
  - a. the eruption of Krakatoa in the East Indies;
  - b. the two world's biggest volcanic explosions;
  - c. the eruption of Thera in the Mediterranean Sea;
  - d. the volcanoes of the world.
5. How far was the explosion of Krakatoa heard?
  - a. 17 miles;
  - b. 3500 miles;
  - c. 3000 miles;
  - d. 1883 miles.
6. How big was Thera?
  - a. three times the size of Krakatoa;
  - b. one cubic mile;
  - c. four times the size of Krakatoa;

d. as big as Krakatoa.

Silk used to be made only by the silkworms in China. The mulberry silkworm was known only in China and the secret of making silk from their cocoons was a closely guarded one. In fact, the Chinese would torture to death anyone caught teaching foreigners how to make silk. In this way they were able to keep their secret for nearly 3000 years. Finally, mulberry seeds and silkworm eggs were smuggled out of China and by the Middle Ages, the art of silk-making had spread to other parts of the world.

7. What is the text about?
- It is about the foreigners who made silk in China.
  - It is about the Chinese workers.
  - It is about the Middle Ages.
  - It is about the first country that produced silk.
8. What is the silk made from?
- the mulberry silkworm cocoons;
  - the mulberry leaves;
  - the mulberry tree;
  - the mulberry seeds.
9. How long were the Chinese able to keep the secret of making silk?
- 3000 years;
  - 2000 years;
  - 5000 years;
  - 1000 years.

The notion that plants have feelings come from experiments by Cleve Backster, who hooked up lie detectors to various plants. He claimed that plants responded in a variety of “emotional” circumstances. Plants can show a reaction to such things as rapid changes in temperature, but many of the results of Backster’s experiments have not been reproduced in studies by other investigators. This is still an area of the unknown that merits further probing.

10. What does the text say?
- That plants can laugh.
  - That plants can cry.
  - That plants can have certain feeling.
  - That plants can have no feelings.
11. To what things can plants show a reaction, according to the text:
- experiments;
  - changes in temperature;
  - water;
  - emotions.
12. What did Cleve Backster use to show that plants have feelings?
- radio;
  - TV-sets;
  - lie detectors;
  - human voice.

We have heard the theory that green produces in us a more secure feeling because our ancestors lived in forests or jungles, which of course are usually green. As far as we know, there is no physiological basis for this notion. Some people may equally find violet or even bright Chinese red to be “restful”. There is little question that color influences our lives in the things we buy, where we live and the people we associated with. Even what we eat. In antiquity, colors were linked to certain traits: blue for loyalty, red for courage, yellow for love, and so on.

13. What is the text about?
- It is about the way that colors influence life.
  - It is about the green color of the forests.
  - It is about the feelings that colors may produce in us.
  - It is about colors in antiquity.
14. In antiquity yellow color was linked to:
- loyalty;

- b. courage;
  - c. jealousy;
  - d. love.
15. What is green color supposed to produce in us?
- a. fear;
  - b. a secure feeling;
  - c. anxiety;
  - d. passion.

**B. Partea a II-a: ELEMENTE DE GRAMATICĂ ȘI VOCABULAR**

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

16. .... sun rises from the Black Sea along our Sea Coast.
- a. The;
  - b. A;
  - c. One;
  - d. An.
17. We must eat three meals ..... day.
- a. on;
  - b. a;
  - c. for;
  - d. in a.
18. He is ..... his car at this moment.
- a. dye;
  - b. driving;
  - c. take;
  - d. drivers.
19. .... a cat at the window.
- a. Is there;
  - b. Is it;
  - c. There are;
  - d. There is.
20. Cadets keep asking if they ..... in the military competition.
- a. will be participate;
  - b. would participated;
  - c. will participate;
  - d. will participating.
21. Our military installation was recently visited by ..... United Nations delegation.
- a. those;
  - b. an;
  - c. a;
  - d. these.
22. The President himself announced that he ..... against the law.
- a. were going to vote;
  - b. has going to votes;
  - c. had going to vote;
  - d. was going to vote.
23. I only need to know .....
- a. where the restaurant is located.
  - b. the restaurant is located.
  - c. where is the restaurant located.
  - d. where is located the restaurant.
24. Yesterday he ..... some milk for breakfast.
- a. buy;
  - b. buying;
  - c. bought;
  - d. buys.

25. We like ..... biscuits.
- to eat;
  - eating;
  - eats;
  - edit.
26. I need an electric .....to press my clothes.
- iron;
  - pot;
  - ball;
  - bottle.
27. I must buy a new ..... for my wrist watch.
- wall;
  - ribbon;
  - glass;
  - picture.
28. Please open this bottle of juice. We have the two necessary .....
- shoes.
  - trays.
  - glasses.
  - forks.
29. If he suffered a skull injury, where is the heaviest damage?
- the wrist;
  - the knee;
  - the head;
  - the foot.
30. The sergeant was charged with disobeying a lawful order from his superior officer. He was charged with:
- flirtation;
  - insubordination;
  - trepidation;
  - tribulation.
31. My grandmother is old. She is wearing .....
- spectacle.
  - spectacles.
  - binoculars.
  - glass.
32. Their ..... are playing in the garden.
- children;
  - childrens;
  - childhood;
  - chill.
33. My little brother has got three new .....
- toy.
  - toys.
  - toyable.
  - token.
34. It's a tiring job because I work ..... hours.
- lots;
  - long;
  - much;
  - little.
35. Dolphins haven't got .....
- fins.
  - feathers.
  - skin.
  - eyes.

### C. Partea a III-a: SCRIS

Choose the correct answer a, b, c, or d:

36. A personal letter contains:
- information about your boss;
  - information about you;
  - information about buildings;
  - news around the world.
37. "I must go now" is an expression you use to:
- begin the letter;
  - explain why you write;
  - give a reason you have to stop writing;
  - explain why you don't have a job.
38. Choose the correct sentence:
- We tonight to the cinema to go want.
  - We to go tonight want to the cinema.
  - We want to go to the cinema tonight.
  - We to the cinema to go want tonight.
39. You write a personal letter to:
- your teacher;
  - your friend;
  - your boss;
  - your manager.
40. You use "Love, ...":
- to end a letter;
  - to say you hate somebody;
  - to begin a letter;
  - to explain your mistake.
41. Choose the correct sentence:
- Many people go there for a holiday;
  - Many holiday go there for a people;
  - Many for people go there a holiday;
  - Many there go people for a holiday.
42. In a personal letter you are:
- formal;
  - rude;
  - friendly;
  - mean.
43. The correct letter format is:
- Salutation, closing remark, body;
  - Body, salutation, description;
  - Body, closing remark, salutation;
  - Salutation, body, closing remark.
44. Choose the right sentence:
- In a military unit work I;
  - I work in a unit military;
  - In a unit work I military;
  - I work in a military unit.
45. To start an informal letter, you use:
- See you soon!
  - Yours,
  - Dear John,
  - Dear manager,

NOTĂ: Evaluarea se efectuează astfel:

- Partea I = 3 puncte (15 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 3 puncte);
- Partea a II-a = 4 puncte (20 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 4 puncte);
- Partea a III-a = 2 puncte (10 itemi x 0,2 puncte = 2 puncte);
- Se acordă 1 punct din oficiu.

## GRILĂ DE EVALUARE LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ

1	a	b	c	d
2	a	b	c	d
3	a	b	c	d
4	a	b	c	d
5	a	b	c	d
6	a	b	c	d
7	a	b	c	d
8	a	b	c	d
9	a	b	c	d
10	a	b	c	d
11	a	b	c	d
12	a	b	c	d
13	a	b	c	d
14	a	b	c	d
15	a	b	c	d

16	a	b	c	d
17	a	b	c	d
18	a	b	c	d
19	a	b	c	d
20	a	b	c	d
21	a	b	c	d
22	a	b	c	d
23	a	b	c	d
24	a	b	c	d
25	a	b	c	d
26	a	b	c	d
27	a	b	c	d
28	a	b	c	d
29	a	b	c	d
30	a	b	c	d

31	a	b	c	d
32	a	b	c	d
33	a	b	c	d
34	a	b	c	d
35	a	b	c	d
36	a	b	c	d
37	a	b	c	d
38	a	b	c	d
39	a	b	c	d
40	a	b	c	d
41	a	b	c	d
42	a	b	c	d
43	a	b	c	d
44	a	b	c	d
45	a	b	c	d

### NOMOGRAMA DE TRANSFORMARE A ITEMILOR REZOLVAȚI CORECT ÎN PUNCTAJ ȘI NOTĂ *TEST GRILĂ LA LIMBA ENGLEZĂ*

Nr. itemi	Punctaj	Nota	Nr. itemi	Punctaj	Nota
0.	0	1,00	23.	4,6	5,60
1.	0,2	1,20	24.	4,8	5,80
2.	0,4	1,40	25.	5	6,00
3.	0,6	1,60	26.	5,2	6,20
4.	0,8	1,80	27.	5,4	6,40
5.	1	2,00	28.	5,6	6,60
6.	1,2	2,20	29.	5,8	6,80
7.	1,4	2,40	30.	6	7,00
8.	1,6	2,60	31.	6,2	7,20
9.	1,8	2,80	32.	6,4	7,40
10.	2	3,00	33.	6,6	7,60
11.	2,2	3,20	34.	6,8	7,80
12.	2,4	3,40	35.	7	8,00
13.	2,6	3,60	36.	7,2	8,20
14.	2,8	3,80	37.	7,4	8,40
15.	3	4,00	38.	7,6	8,60
16.	3,2	4,20	39.	7,8	8,80
17.	3,4	4,40	40.	8	9,00
18.	3,6	4,60	41.	8,2	9,20
19.	3,8	4,80	42.	8,4	9,40
20.	<b>4</b>	<b>5,00</b>	43.	8,6	9,60
21.	4,2	5,20	44.	8,8	9,80
22.	4,4	5,40	45.	9	10